2025年4月第3週　高校生ニュース教材　単語テスト　　　　　 　　　

音声を聴いて、次の単語（熟語）を書きとって下さい。また、その意味を日本語で書いて下さい。

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | words/phrases | meaning |
| １ |  |  |
| ２ |  |  |
| ３ |  |  |
| ４ |  |  |
| ５ |  |  |
| ６ |  |  |
| ７ |  |  |
| ８ |  |  |
| ９ |  |  |
| １０ |  |  |
| １１ |  |  |
| １２ |  |  |

---------------------------------------------------------　キ　リ　ト　リ　-------------------------------------------------------------

（解答）

1. Jew ユダヤ人 ＊形容詞（　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　）ユダヤ教徒（の）
2. crack down on ～ ～を取り締まる
3. graduate student 大学院生
4. Detention Center　　　　　　　拘置所　※このニュースでは「入国者収容所」を指します
5. permanent resident 永住者
6. liberation　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　解放　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　＊形容詞( )自由の
7. feel(be) called to V 〜することを天職と思う、神の導きで〜すべきと感じる
8. scholarship 奨学金
9. divestment すでに投資している金融資産を引き上げること　　＊反意語( )
10. deportation 国外追放・本国送還
11. praise　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　称賛
12. destruction 破壊　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　＊動詞( )破壊する

★7 キリスト教には　“calling”（神から与えられた使命、召命）という言葉があります。この語を用いたのはイスラム教徒のカリル氏ですが、どの宗教でも「神から与えられた使命」という概念は、似ていると思われます。（著者）

Arrest of Pro-Palestinian students sparks nationwide protests

１　In recent weeks, several international university students have been arrested by immigration agents or asked about their visa status. This March, U.S. Secretary of State Marco Rubio said he has revoked more than 300 foreign students’ visas as part of President Trump’s effort to crack down on pro-Palestinian protesters on university campuses. Rubio defended the decisions at a news conference, saying, “We gave you a visa to come and study and get a degree, not to become a social activist that tears up our university campus.”

２　One of the arrested students is Mahmood Khalil, a Palestinian graduate student and activist at Columbia University. On March 8th, he was arrested by the ICE and transferred to the Immigration Detention Center in Louisiana even though he is a legal permanent resident. The Trump administration accused Khalil of being a Hamas sympathizer and antisemitic, without providing clear evidence.

３　On March 10th, about 3,000 people gathered in Lower Manhattan to call for Khalil’s release. “I support immigrants’ rights and Palestinian fight for liberation,” said a Jewish protester.

４　On March 13th, nearly 100 protesters were arrested at Trump Tower in Manhattan. They gathered to denounce Khalil’s arrest. The protest was organized by *Jewish Voice for Peace(\*)*. Protesters in red shirts reading “Not in our Name” and “Jews Say Stop Arming Israel” filled the building.

５　Long before his arrest, Khalil had told CNN he felt called to advocate for the liberation of both the Palestinians and Jews. “As a Palestinian student, I believe that the liberation of the Palestinians and the Jewish people are intertwined. You cannot achieve one without the other,” he said.

spark引き起こす　　 immigration agent移民局の職員　　　　Secretary of State国務長官 　　revoke取り消す　　　get a degree単位を取る　　　　tear up引き裂く・破壊する　　　administration政府　　sympathizer支持者　 　　antisemitic反ユダヤ主義的な　　　denounce非難する　　　　be intertwined結びついている 　　\*Jewish Voice for Peace（JVP）：ユダヤ人の平和団体

Q1 Why were over 300 foreign students' visas revoked in March?

Q2 What reason did Marco Rubio give for revoking the visas?

Q3 Who is Mahmood Khalil, and what happened to him on March 8th?

Q4 What accusations were made against Khalil by the Trump administration?

Q5 How many people gathered in Lower Manhattan on March 10th, and why?

Q6 What message did the Jewish protester express at the March 10th protest?

Q7 What organization led the protest at Trump Tower on March 13th, and how did the protest end?

Q8 What slogans were printed on the protesters’ red shirts at Trump Tower?

Q9 What does Khalil believe about the liberation of Palestinians and Jews?

Trump administration arrests Turkish student at Tufts

１　Turkish PhD student Rumeysa Ozturk was arrested by immigration agents near her apartment in Somerville, Massachusetts. The surveillance video shows plain clothes officers with masks restraining her without showing badges. She was later transferred to an ICE detention center in Louisiana.

２　Ozturk is a psychology PhD student at Tufts University and has held a valid F1 visa since 2018. She was also a Fulbright scholar. She was arrested on her way to break her Ramadan fast with her friends.

３　The DHS said she supported Hamas. Last year, Ozturk criticized Tufts University for not supporting a student group calling for divestment from companies tied to Israel.

４ On March 26th, over 2,000 protesters gathered demanding Ozturk’s immediate release. One protester said, “She was abducted. It is full-blown fascist intimidation.”

５　The arrests of Mahmood Khalil and Rumeysa Ozturk have drawn global attention, raising questions about free speech on college campuses.

PhD student博士課程の大学院生　　　surveillance video監視カメラ映像　　plain clothes私服 ICE(Immigration and Customs Enforcement)米国移民・税関取締局　　　　F1 visa学生ビザの一種　　　　Fulbright: 優秀な留学生に与えられる奨学金　　　Ramadanイスラム教の断食月　　　fast断食　　　　　DHS(Department of Homeland Security)国土安全保障省 tied to ～：～と関係がある　　　　abduct拉致する　　　　intimidation脅迫・威嚇　　　　　★( 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　)

Q1　Who is Rumeysa Ozturk, and what happened to her near her apartment?

Q2　How did the immigration officers behave during Ozturk’s arrest, according to surveillance footage?

Q3 What is Ozturk studying at Tufts University, and what visa status does she hold?

Q4 What scholarship had Ozturk received, and when did she come to the U.S.?

Q5 What was Ozturk doing at the time she was arrested?

Q6 What accusation did the DHS make against Ozturk?

Q7 Why did Ozturk criticize Tufts University last year?

Q8 How many people protested Ozturk’s arrest, and what did they demand?

Q9　What did one protester say about Ozturk’s arrest?

Q10 Mahmood Khalil, Rumeysa Ozturkが逮捕されたことが、世界の注目を集めているのはなぜですか。

“Snow White” actresses face backlash over Gaza War posts

１　In August 2024, Rachel Zegler, the main actress of “Snow White,” shared a post on X, thanking fans for the 120 million views of the “Snow White” trailer. She ended her message with “… and always remember, free Palestine."  Zegler has supported Palestine since 2021, using her social media platform to highlight human rights issues.

２　This political statement sparked controversy.  Marc Platt, the film's producer, flew to New York to speak with Zegler about the post, but she stood her ground and did not delete the controversial message.

３　Zegler's post drew both praise and criticism: Some praised her for speaking out about Palestine’s peace, and others criticized her for damaging the film's promotion.

４　The case is complicated in that after the "Free Palestine" post, Zegler’s co-star, Gal Gadot, who is from Israel, received death threats, and Disney had to hire additional security to protect her.

５　Both men and women have to serve in the military in Israel.　Gadot served the IDF’s army for two years. In 2024 summer, Gadot also posted a controversial message that sparked a heated online debate.

She posted a Facebook photo of herself and her daughter, lighting Shabbat candles, with a message, “I am sending my love and prayers to my fellow Israeli citizens. Especially to all the boys and girls who are risking their lives protecting my country against the horrific acts conducted by Hamas, who are hiding like cowards behind women and children.”

backlash反発 trailer予告編　　　 highlight強調する　　　　controversy議論　　　 stand one’s ground自分の立場を固守する

delete削除する　　　　death threat「殺すぞ」という脅迫状　　　　co-star共演者　　　 IDF（Israel Defense Forces）イスラエル国防軍　　　Shabbat candlesユダヤ教の安息日キャンドル　　　horrific恐ろしい　　　coward臆病者　　　★( )

Q1 What did Rachel Zegler say at the end of her X post in August 2024?

Q2 Since when has Zegler supported Palestine, and how has she shown her support?

Q3 Why did the film’s producer, Marc Platt, fly to New York?

Q4 Did Zegler delete her message after meeting with the producer?

Q5 What were the two different reactions to Zegler’s post?

Q6 What happened to Gal Gadot after Zegler’s “Free Palestine” message?

Q7 Why did Disney have to do to for the safety of Gal Gadot?

Q8 How long did Gal Gadot serve in the Israeli military?

Q9 In 2024 summer, what did Gadot say about the people serving in the military in her message?

Q10 How are the two actresses’ posts connected to the Gaza War?

Over 2,000 arrested at anti-Israel protests 　　［2024年5月のニュース］

１　On April 30th 2024, the U.S. police arrested 282 people who protested against Israel’s attack on Gaza at Columbia University and the City College of New York. At Columbia, dozens of protesters entered the

university’s Hamilton Hall and barricaded themselves inside.

２　The students of Columbia University have put up tents on the campus in recent weeks. The protesters called on universities to stop doing business with Israel and withdraw investment funds from companies that profit from the war in Gaza. On April 18th, police arrested more than 100 protesters who

refused to disperse.

３　Since then, demonstrations have spread to other universities and colleges across the U.S. 　Police have arrested more than 2,100 people who protested against the war in Gaza. The AP News on May 2nd found at least 50 incidents of arrests at 40 different U.S. colleges or universities since April 18th.

４　Police told reporters that once-peaceful protests were being exploited by professional outside agitators.

They also said, “①Of the 282 arrested, 134 protesters had no connection to schools.”

５　In April 1968, Hamilton Hall of Columbia University was the first of five buildings to be taken over by students protesting against the Vietnam War. In 1985, students blockaded the hall for three weeks,

demanding that the university （　　②　　）from apartheid of South Africa.

６ US President Joe Biden defended the right of students to peaceful protest, but decried the chaos, destruction of property, violence and antisemitism.

investment 投資 　　　disperse 解散する 　　　　　　agitator 扇動者 　　　　　　　blockade 封鎖する 　　　　　divest 放棄する

decry 非難する 　　　　　property 財産・所有物 　　　　antisemitism 反ユダヤ主義 　　★( 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　)

Q1 Why were 282 people arrested at Columbia University and the City College of New York on April 30th?

Q2 コロンビア大の抗議者達が、大学側に要求していたことを、2点、説明しましょう。

Q3 According to the AP News, how many incidents of arrests have been reported since April 18th?

Q4 下線1とありますが、逮捕された 282 人のうち 134 人は、学生でなく誰だと考えられますか。

Q5 コロンビア大のハミルトンホールを有名にした、2つの歴史的な事件を説明しましょう。

Q6 下線2に当てはまる表現を答えましょう。

a) divest 　　b) divests 　　c) divesting 　　d) divested

Q7 バイデン大統領は、これら一連のデモについて、どのような声明を出しましたか。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | 米大学での「反ガザ攻撃デモ」、キャンパス内で何が　学生らの思いは／BBC<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lo6XPoil_4U> |

★次の文を3回ずつ読んで、暗唱しましょう。（暗唱文はニュース本文と）

１．U.S. Secretary of State Marco Rubio revoked more than 300 foreign students’ visas as part of President Trump’s effort to crack down on pro-Palestinian protesters on university campuses.

２．The arrests of Mahmood Khalil and Rumeysa Ozturk have drawn global attention, raising questions about free speech on college campuses.

３．After Rachel Zegler’s “Free Palestine” post, Zegler’s co-star, Gal Gadot, who is from Israel, received death threats, and Disney had to hire additional security to protect Gadot.

(和訳)

１． アメリカ国務長官マルコ・ルビオは、大学キャンパスでの親パレスチナ抗議活動を取り締まるトランプ大統領の方針の一環として、300人以上の外国人留学生のビザを取り消しました。

２． マフムード・カリル氏とルメイサ・オズトゥルク氏の逮捕は世界的な注目を集め、大学キャンパスでの言論の自由に
ついて疑問を投げかけています。

３． レイチェル・ゼグラーの「Free Palestine（パレスチナに自由を）」という投稿の後、彼女の共演者でイスラエル出身のガル・ガドットに殺害予告が届き、ディズニーはガドットを守るために追加の警備を雇う必要がありました。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | 【トランプ政権】元コロンビア大学院生を逮捕“イスラエルへの抗議デモを主導”<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6aCNCPtDRoA> |
|  | Today it’s Mahmoud Khalil, Tomorrow it could be anybody / ACLU #short<https://www.youtube.com/shorts/I12caolvYSE> |
|  | Rümeysa Öztürk: What to know about the Tufts student arrested by immigration officials/The Boston Globe <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YYJUUMxf5vM> |
|  | Snow White Controversy: Rachel Zegler and Gal Gadot Clash Over Israel-Palestine Conflict <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cIRxDG-9rSk> |

［Essay Writing］

1. Do you think international students should be allowed to express political opinions on campus?
Why or why not?
2. In your opinion, should celebrities share political opinions on social media? Why or why not?